SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name VINYL INK WASH UP

Synonym(s) INK WASH UP • NZ0182 - PRODUCT CODE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) INK SOLVENT • PRINTING INDUSTRY • SOLVENT

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 0800 764 766

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES [CLASSIFICATION] REGULATIONS 2001

HSNO classification

3.1C Flammable liquids: medium hazard.

6.1D (dermal) Substances that are acutely toxic - Harmful. Substances that are acutely toxic - Harmful.

6.1E (inhalation) Substances that are acutely toxic - May be harmful.

6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin. 6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye.

6.8B Substances that are suspected human or reproductive developmental toxicants.

6.9B (Single) Substances that are harmful to human target organs or systems.

9.1D Substances that are slightly harmful to the aquatic environment or are otherwise designed for biocidal

action.

9.3C Substances that are harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictograms







Page 1 of 8

Hazard

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H371 May cause damage to organs. H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

H433 Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

Prevention

P103

P102 Keep out of reach of children (applies only where the substance is available to the general public).

Read label before use (applies only where the substance is available to the general public).

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment. This statement does not apply where this is the intended use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand (applies only where the substance is

available to the general public).

P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P309 + P311 IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P332 + P337 + P313 If skin or eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction (applies if water increases risk).

Storage

P405 Store locked up.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501 In the case of a substance that is in compliance with a HSNO approval other than a Part 6A (Group

Standards) approval, a label must provide a description of one or more appropriate and achievable methods for the disposal of a substance in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

This may also include any method of disposal that must be avoided.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
XYLENE	1330-20-7	215-535-7	>70%
CYCLOHEXANONE	108-94-1	203-631-1	<10%
ADDITIVE(S)	-	-	<0.01%

Page 2 of 8

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact the National Poisons Centre at 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) or +643 479 7248 or a

doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information provided.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Eliminate all ignition sources, including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights etc when handling. Earth containers when dispensing fluids.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

3Y

- 3 Foam
- Y Self Contained Breathing apparatus and protective gloves.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of this SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover/absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection systems.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Cyclohexanone	WES (NZ)	25	100		
Xylene	WES (NZ)	50	217		

Biological limits

Ingredient	Reference	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
CYCLOHEXANONE	ACGIH BEI	1,2-Cyclohexanediol in urine (with hydrolysis)	End of shift at end of workweek	80 mg/L
	ACGIH BEI	Cyclohexanol in urine (with hydrolysis)	End of shift	8 mg/L
XYLENE	ACGIH BEI	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift	1.5 g/g creatinine

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVA or viton (R) gloves.

Body Wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If spraying, wear a Type A-Class

P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) respirator.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceCLEAR LIQUIDOdourSLIGHT ODOURpHNOT AVAILABLEMelting pointNOT AVAILABLEBoiling pointNOT AVAILABLE

Flash point > 26°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE

Page 4 of 8

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Flammability FLAMMABLE Upper explosion limit 7.7 % (Xylene) Lower explosion limit 1.1 % (Xylene) Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE** Solubility (water) **SOLUBLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties Specific gravity 0.86 (Approximately)

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg. sodium hydroxide), heat and ignition sources.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Health hazard Harmful - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. Use safe summary work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Chronic exposure to some solvents may result in

central nervous system (CNS), liver and kidney damage.

Eye Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. May result in burns with prolonged

contact.

Inhalation Harmful - irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea and

headache. High level exposure may result in dizziness, drowsiness, breathing difficulties and unconsciousness. Chronic exposure to some solvents may result in central nervous system (CNS), liver and

kidney damage.

Skin Irritant. Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis. May be absorbed through

skin with harmful effects.

Ingestion Harmful. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dizziness and drowsiness.

Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

Toxicity data XYLENE (1330-20-7)

LC50 (inhalation) 5000 ppm/4 hours (rat) LCLo (inhalation) 10000 ppm/6 hours (man)

LD50 (ingestion) 4300 mg/kg (rat)
LD50 (intraperitoneal) 1548 mg/kg (mouse)
LD50 (skin) > 1700 mg/kg (rabbit)
LD50 (subcutaneous) 1700 mg/kg (rat)
LDLo (ingestion) 50 mg/kg (human)
LDLo (intravenous) 129 mg/kg (rabbit)

TCLo (inhalation) 200 ppm (human - eye, respiratory)

TDLo (ingestion) 20600 ug/kg (6-15 days pregnant mouse - teratogenic)

Page 5 of 8

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

Legislation

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Wearing the protective equipment outlined, ensure all ignition sources are extinguished. For small quantities,

absorb on paper, sand or similar and evaporate under a fume cupboard or open area. For large volumes, atomise into incinerator (mixing with more flammable solvent if required) or recycle by gravimetric separation,

distilling & reusing. Contact the manufacturer for additional information if required.

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO LAND TRANSPORT RULE: DANGEROUS GOODS 2005; NZS 5433:2007, UN, IMDG OR IATA



	LAND TRANSPORT (NZS 5433)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN number	1307	1307	1307
14.2 UN proper shipping name	<u>9</u>	XYLENES	
14.3 Transport hazard classes			
DG class	3	3	3
Subsidiary risk(s)	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No information provided		
14.6 Special precautions for u	<u>ser</u>		
Hazchem code	3Y		

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Approval code HSR002637

Group name Photographic Chemicals (Flammable) Group Standard 2006

Inventory listing(s) NEW ZEALAND: NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory, or are exempt.

Page 6 of 8

15.10.2015

.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

Abbreviations

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS#	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CCID	Chemical Classification and Information Database (HSNO)
CNS	Central Nervous System
EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
ERMANZ	Environmental Risk Management Authority (New Zealand)
GHS	Globally Harmonized System

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms **IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit **PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). Ha

Parts Per Million ppm

REACH Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

TLV Threshold Limit Value **TWA** Time Weighted Average

Revision history

Revision	Description
1.1	Standard SDS Review
1.0	Initial SDS creation

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies
5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth

Western Australia 6005
Phone: +61 8 9322 1711
Fax: +61 8 9322 1794
Email: info@rmt.com.au
Web: www.rmt.com.au.

Revision: 1.1

SDS date: 03 September 2013

[End of SDS]