

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code:	SCHA00600_
Product name	Catalyst Ultrafix SB2 plus
Chemical name and synonym	Aromatic polyisocyanate prepolymer in solvent blend

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use	Hardener for adhesive.
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1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name	SAATI S.P.A.
Full address	Via Milano, 14
District and Country	22070 Appiano Gentile (CO) Italy
	Tel. 0039.031.9711
	Fax 0039.031.933.392
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	info.it@saatichem.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to	SAATI SPA - tel+39 0319711 - fax+39 031933392
	CAV Ospedale Niguarda Milano tel+39 0266101029
	CAV IRCCS Fond.Maugeri Pavia tel+39 038224444
	CAV Policlinico Gemelli Roma tel+39 063054343
	CAV Ospedale Cardarelli Napoli tel+39 0817472870

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

Contains:

Oligomeric MDI: oligomeric reaction from formaldehyde with aniline and phosgene
DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE
Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, isomers and homologues
Aromatic polyisocyanate prepolymer
Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate
ETHYL ACETATE

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq$ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
ETHYL ACETATE		
INDEX 607-022-00-5	50 $\leq$ x < 70	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 205-500-4		
CAS 141-78-6		
REACH Reg. 01-2119475103-46-xxxx		

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients ... / >>
Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

INDEX 14 ≤ x < 19

EC 618-498-9

CAS 9016-87-9

Aromatic polyisocyanate prepolymer

INDEX 10 ≤ x < 15

EC

CAS 67815-87-6

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

INDEX 615-005-00-9 5 ≤ x < 7,5

EC 202-966-0

CAS 101-68-8

REACH Reg. 01-2119457014-47-xxxx

Oligomeric MDI: oligomeric reaction from formaldehyde with aniline and phosgene

INDEX 3,5 ≤ x < 4

EC 500-079-6

CAS 32055-14-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119457024-46-xxxx

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

INDEX 615-005-00-9 1,5 ≤ x < 2

EC 227-534-9

CAS 5873-54-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119480143-45-xxxx

Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317
STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l

Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 2, C
Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 5%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 5%, Resp. Sens. 1 H334: ≥ 0,1%, STOT SE 3 H335: ≥ 5%
LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l/4h

Unst. Expl. H200, Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 2, C
STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l

Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317
STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures
4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures
5.1. Extinguishing media
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures ... / >>

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany): 3

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÄRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α' 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιογόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
SWE	Sverige	Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénym a mutagénym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
GBR	United Kingdom TLV-ACGIH	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) ACGIH 2022

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

ETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm		
TLV	BGR	800					
TLV	CZE	700		900			
AGW	DEU	1500	400	3000	800		
MAK	DEU	1500	400	3000	800		
TLV	DNK	540	150				
VLA	ESP	1400	400				
VLEP	FRA	1400	400				
HTP	FIN	1100	300	1800	500		
TLV	GRC	1400	400				
AK	HUN	1400		1400			
GVI/KGVI	HRV		200		400		
TLV	NOR	550	150				
TGG	NLD	550		1100			
NGV/KGV	SWE	500	150	1100	300		
NPEL	SVK	1500	400	3000			
WEL	GBR		200		400		
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400			URT and irr	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,24	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,02	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	1,15	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,12	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	1,65	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	650	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	200	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,15	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic		Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute			Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				4,5 mg/kg				
Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³	1468 mg/m ³	1468 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³
Skin			VND	37 mg/kg			VND	63 mg/kg

Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,0037	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,00037	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	11,7	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	1,17	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,33	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic		Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute			Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation					0,1 mg/m ³		0,05 mg/m ³	

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>
DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE
Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	0,05		0,1		
AGW	DEU	0,05		0,05		
MAK	DEU	0,05		0,05		INHAL
MAK	DEU	0,05		0,05		SKIN
TLV	DNK	0,05	0,005	0,1	0,01	
VLA	ESP	0,052	0,005			
VLEP	FRA	0,1	0,01	0,2	0,02	
TLV	GRC	0,2		0,2		
AK	HUN	0,05		0,05		
TLV	NOR	0,05	0,005			
NDS/NDSch	POL	0,05		0,2		
NGV/KGV	SWE	0,03	0,002	0,05 (C)	0,005 (C)	
NPEL	SVK	0,05		0,05		
TLV-ACGIH		0,051	0,005			Resp sens

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	1	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,1	mg/l
Normal value for water, intermittent release	10	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	1	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	1	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation					0,1 mg/m3	0,1 mg/m3	0,05 mg/m3	0,05 mg/m3
Skin					28,7 mg/kg bw/d	VND	VND	50 mg/kg bw/d

Oligomeric MDI: oligomeric reaction from formaldehyde with aniline and phosgene
Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	0,05		0,1		
MAK	DEU	0,05		0,05		
TLV	DNK	0,05	0,005			
VLA	ESP		0,005			
VLEP	FRA	0,1		0,2		
TLV	GRC	0,2		0,2		
AK	HUN	0,05		0,05		
TLV	NOR		0,005		0,01	
NDS/NDSch	POL	0,05				
NGV/KGV	SWE		0,005			
NPEL	SVK	0,05	0,005			
WEL	GBR	0,02		0,07		
TLV-ACGIH			0,005			

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	1	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,1	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	1	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	1	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral	VND	20 mg/kg						
Inhalation	0,05 mg/m3	0,05 mg/m3	0,025 mg/m3	0,025 mg/m3	0,1 mg/m3	0,1 mg/m3	0,05 mg/m3	0,05 mg/m3
Skin	17,2 mg/cm2	25 mg/cm2			28,7 mg/m3	50 mg/m3		

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>
Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,0037	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,00037	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	11,7	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	1,17	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,037	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,33	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Effects on workers					
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation	0,05	0,05	0,025	0,025	0,1	0,1	0,05	0,05
	mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	ochre	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	> 70 °C	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	2,1 % (v/v)	

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... / >>

Upper explosive limit	11,5	% (v/v)
Flash point	-17	°C
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	not applicable	
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Dynamic viscosity	50 mPa*s	
Solubility	Soluble in organic solvents and reacts with water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	79	mmHg
Density and/or relative density	0,98	
Relative vapour density	3,9	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

9.2. Other information
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	30,00	%	
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	59,00	%	- 578,20 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon)	32,14	%	- 314,99 g/litre
Oxidising properties	not applicable		

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity
10.1. Reactivity

The product can decompose and/or react violently.

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE: decomposes at 274°C. With water it develops carbon dioxide and forms an insoluble solid polymer. Consequently any wet material recovered must be stored in open containers.

10.2. Chemical stability

See previous paragraph.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See paragraph 10.1.

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE: can react dangerously with: alcohols, amines, ammonia, sodium hydroxide, acids, water and strong bases and acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

As the product decomposes even at ambient temperature, it must be stored and used at a controlled temperature. Avoid violent blows.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE: nitric oxides, carbon oxides, hydrogen cyanide.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.
It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

Diphenylmethane-4, 4'-DIISOCYANATE:

risk of sensitization even at concentrations below the TLV in case of execution of works by spraying.

Skin irritation: Irritating to the skin

Eye Irritation: Non-irritating to eyes

Sensitization: skin sensitizer

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:

Acute Tox. 4

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:

Acute Tox. 4

ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture:

Acute Tox. 4

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal):

> 20000 mg/kg rabbit

LD50 (Oral):

5620 mg/kg rat

Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

LD50 (Oral):

2000 mg/kg rat

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

0,431 mg/l/4h rat

STA (Inhalation vapours):

11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Aromatic polyisocyanate prepolymer

LD50 (Dermal):

> 9400 mg/kg Rabbit

LD50 (Oral):

> 5000 mg/kg Rat

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

LD50 (Dermal):

> 9400 mg/kg Rabbit

LD50 (Oral):

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

1,5 mg/l/4h Rat

Oligomeric MDI: oligomeric reaction from formaldehyde with aniline and phosgene

LD50 (Dermal):

> 9400 mg/kg OECD 402; rabbit; occlusive; read across

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

0,31 mg/l OECD 403; rat; 4h; read across

STA (Inhalation mists/powders):

1,5 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate

STA (Inhalation mists/powders):

1,5 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

STA (Inhalation vapours):
 (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
 (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin
 Sensitising for the respiratory system

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Suspected of causing cancer

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Oligomeric MDI: oligomeric reaction from formaldehyde with aniline and phosgene
 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 10 mg/l OECD 211; Daphnia magna; 21d; reproduction; read across

ETHYL ACETATE
 LC50 - for Fish 230 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas; EPA E03-05
 Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 100 mg/l OECD 201 Scenedesmus subspicatus; growth rate 72h

Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, isomers and homologues
 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 100 mg/l/72h
 Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 100 mg/l

Aromatic polyisocyanate prepolymer
 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 10 mg/l Daphnia magna

SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Oligomeric MDI: oligomeric reaction from formaldehyde with aniline and phosgene
NOT rapidly degradable

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE
NOT rapidly degradable

ETHYL ACETATE
Rapidly degradable

Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, isomers and homologues
NOT rapidly degradable

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate
NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE
Diphenylmethane-4, 4'-DIISOCYANATE not PBT and vPvB

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: RESIN SOLUTION
IMDG: RESIN SOLUTION
IATA: RESIN SOLUTION

SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3


14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO

IMDG: NO

IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 33	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision: 640(C-D)		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, S-E	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 364
	Passengers:	Maximum quantity: 5 L	Packaging instructions: 353
	Special provision:	A3	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Point 56

Diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate
REACH Reg.: 01-2119480143-45-xxxx
DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE
REACH Reg.: 01-2119457014-47-xxxx
DIISOCYANATES

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Unst. Expl.	Unstable explosive
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H200	Unstable explosives.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
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21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.